

# Transgender Entrepreneurs' Level Of Awareness Towards Government Services And Programs For Transgenders And Entrepreneurs

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## ABSTRACT

Entrepreneur is an individual who captivated on financial threat or startup a business in the hope of profit. Despite the fact that, third gender plays a vital position in the social order motionless their entrepreneurial capabilities have not been properly tapped owing to the substandard position of, Transgender in Indian society. In today's world, third gender entrepreneurs also play a very important role in local business background and it is really significant for the unstoppable financial and social development. Both central and state Government considering the significance of Transgender entrepreneurship and their contribution towards country's growth and prospects, has introduced a lot of schemes for promoting entrepreneur in general, especially for third gender. The study could establish the Transgender entrepreneurs' level of awareness of government schemes and programs for Transgender community. This study was made an attempt to determine the Transgender entrepreneurs' level of awareness towards government schemes and programs. Data was collected from 188 respondents through interview schedule. SPSS 20 has been used to analyze and interpret data. T-test, ANOVAs and chi-square analysis have been used. Study results show that customers are not fully aware also about the

government schemes and programs; as a result government should create consciousness through organizing different workshops/seminars for making Transgender entrepreneurs well aware.

Keywords: **Awareness, Schemes and Programs, Entrepreneurs and Skill.**

### **Introduction**

Entrepreneurs play a key role in any economy; they are seen as an innovator of fresh ideas, goods, services, and business or procedures. The contribution of both male and women entrepreneurs play the vital role to the economic development but in the modern days, the Transgender entrepreneurship has been expected as a significant resource of economic progress. Even if Transgender plays an imperative part in the society still their entrepreneurial capabilities have not been suitably tapped owing to the not as good as position of Transgender in Indian society. To get better the worth of lives of Transgender community Tamil Nadu State Government has initiated several steps like issuing ration cards and voter identity cards, land pattas, microfinance project, forming groups to lend money to their members to carry on an economic activity, having officially recognize and introduced a lot of schemes for promoting entrepreneur in general, especially for third gender. To making scheme reaches needed member is the scheme successful, there are many governmental agencies work at different level. Certain duration later, every provided financial support, programmes and scheme are to be evaluated for get better the efficiency of the schemes offered for entrepreneur. Evaluation possibly strength has a greater contribution while thinking about the planning of the future schemes. The foremost reason of this study is to discover the level of awareness and satisfaction towards different schemes launched by governments to improve the status of transgender entrepreneurs in Tamil nadu and it also focuses on rationale grounds behind problems faced by transgender entrepreneurship. On the basis of this study some suggestions are given to encourage the courage of

transgender entrepreneurship to become a successful entrepreneur.

### **Statement of the Problem**

In the present decade, India is undertaking a necessary progress towards startup welcoming policies and a business friendly environment. India in the spirited atmosphere enforced to make innovative systems. Both Central and State Governments have introduced various novel schemes for the development of Transgender entrepreneurs. The success of a scheme could be measured by ascertaining the level of utilization by the beneficiaries. Transgender entrepreneurs are utilizing only selected schemes promoted by the Government. The motive at the back is very less level of utilization of schemes may be the lack of knowledge of Transgender entrepreneurs. Therefore, an effort has been made in this present study to be familiar with Transgender entrepreneurs' level of awareness on different schemes has been introduced by the both central and state Governments for the development of Transgender entrepreneurs in selected districts of Tamil Nadu.

### **Objectives of the Study**

The following are the main objectives of the present study:

1. To study the socio-economic background of the selected Transgender entrepreneurs in the study area
2. To analyze the awareness level of Transgender entrepreneurs of the study area on various schemes
3. To offer valuable suggestions on the basis of the findings to promote Transgender Entrepreneurship in the study area

### **HYPOTHESIS**

Following Null hypotheses were formulated for the study.

“There is no significant association between the demographic profile variables and the level of

awareness by transgender entrepreneurs about government schemes”.

### **Scope of the Study**

The study covers the level of awareness among Transgender entrepreneurs on various schemes provided by government, inheritance to utilizing schemes, subsidy and norms towards the schemes. The findings and conclusions are based on the respondent's perception on government schemes for Transgender entrepreneurs in selected districts Tamil Nadu.

### **Selection of Sample**

In this present study, Multistage sampling technique was applied for selecting the sample Transgender entrepreneurs. According to Krejcie & Morgan sample size calculator, 188 sample respondents were selected through random sampling. The respondents have selected from the beneficiaries of government schemes, those who have benefited by any of the government programme especially Transgender entrepreneurs were considered. The samples were chosen particularly from 2015 so that during 2022 the business must have reached to a considerable level for analyzing the development of the Transgender entrepreneurs.

### **Methodology**

This study based on survey technique and depended on descriptive analysis method. The survey was made among the Transgender entrepreneurs who have benefited and registered in welfare board. Interview schedule is used to collect the opinion from Transgender entrepreneurs' on their awareness level and the usage of various schemes available for them to promote entrepreneurship. Both primary and secondary data were used in this study.

### **Respondents' Awareness towards Schemes and Programs for General Transgender**

Typically, in the competitive atmosphere, all types of business units require finance, so called as life blood, whether big or small, to meet their obligation in order to operating their business. Consequently, the both state

and central Government and other financial agencies provide loans grants, subsidies, etc. to these entrepreneurs. The government provides this support to promote men, women and transgender entrepreneurs which will bring development in the state. The government also provides initial and working capitals. The majority of the enterprises have ventured into SME with borrowed fund, but it is observed that despite the support from the government, the number of entrepreneurs is not increasing as expected. One way or another they are unenthusiastic to invest in business units which yield low profits, take long growth era and concerned high danger. As well, the various policy reforms and industrial expansion programmes announced by the government be short of inefficiency in organization. Moreover, there is no proper coordination among various agencies in proper execution. Poor accountability and lack of vigilance on the part of management leads to under utilization and misappropriation particularly in financial areas. Subsequently the State cannot optimally reap the fruits of various plans and policies announced by the government from time to time. Hence, the researcher interested to understand, whether the entrepreneur knows the level of awareness is up to the mark or not. Associated with this background, in this section researcher has been made to investigate to find the status of awareness among the entrepreneur towards various schemes and programs for common transgender and also schemes and programs for women and transgender entrepreneurs in the study area and the results of the assessment is reported in Table

### **Respondents' Level of Awareness on Schemes and Programs for Entrepreneurs**

In this section researcher has been made to investigate whether the transgender entrepreneur level of awareness towards schemes and programs for women and transgender entrepreneurs is up to the mark or not. Asked the respondents and the results of the assessment is reported in Table 1.

#### **TABLE 1**

**RESPONDENTS' LEVEL OF AWARENESS ON SCHEMES  
AND PROGRAMS FOR ENTREPRENEURS**

Schemes and Programs for Entrepreneurs	Level of Awareness					Total	Mean	Mean %
	Known very well	Known well	Known	Known some extent	Don't known			
National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM)	57 (30.30)	85 (45.20)	14 (7.40)	11 (5.90)	21 (11.20)	188 (100.00)	3.78	75.60
Suryodaya Awas Yojana (SAY)	14 (7.40)	55 (29.30)	38 (20.20)	31 (16.50)	50 (26.60)	188 (100.00)	2.74	54.80
Multiplier Grants Scheme (MGS)	6 (3.20)	36 (19.10)	28 (14.90)	68 (36.20)	50 (26.60)	188 (100.00)	2.36	47.20
Swachchh Angan Yojana (SWAY)	10 (5.30)	60 (31.90)	29 (15.40)	26 (13.80)	63 (33.50)	188 (100.00)	2.62	52.40
Member of Parliament Local Area Development Scheme (MPLAD)	20 (10.60)	61 (32.40)	19 (10.10)	40 (21.30)	48 (25.50)	188 (100.00)	2.81	56.20
National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM)	28 (14.90)	72 (38.30)	16 (8.50)	28 (14.90)	44 (23.40)	188 (100.00)	3.06	61.20
Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana - (IAY)	27 (14.40)	43 (22.90)	22 (11.70)	35 (18.60)	61 (32.40)	188 (100.00)	2.68	53.60
Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	13 (6.90)	41 (21.80)	30 (16.00)	44 (23.40)	60 (31.90)	188 (100.00)	2.48	49.60
Trade Related Entrepreneurship Assistance and Development Scheme (TREAD )	24 (12.80)	50 (26.60)	16 (8.50)	36 (19.10)	62 (33.00)	188 (100.00)	2.67	53.40
Micro and Small Enterprises Cluster Development Programme (MSE- CDP)	26 (13.80)	55 (29.30)	10 (5.30)	43 (22.90)	54 (28.70)	188 (100.00)	2.77	55.40
Venture capital Assistance Scheme (VCA)	45 (23.90)	46 (24.50)	8 (4.30)	62 (33.00)	27 (14.40)	188 (100.00)	3.11	62.20

Prime Ministers Employment and Generation Programme (PNEGP )	54 (28.70)	67 (35.60)	16 (8.50)	17 (9.00)	34 (18.10)	188 (100.00)	3.48	69.6 0
Lon for Rooftop solar Pv Power Projects	10 (5.30)	37 (19.70)	24 (12.80)	55 (29.30)	62 (33.00)	188 (100.00)	2.35	47.0 0
NewGen Innovation nd Entrepreneurship Development Centre ( NewGenIEDC)	34 (18.10)	58 (30.90)	11 (5.90)	41 (21.80)	44 (23.40)	188 (100.00)	2.98	59.6 0
SMRIDH Scheme	5 (2.70)	47 (25.00)	36 (19.10)	35 (18.60)	65 (34.60)	188 (100.00)	2.43	48.6 0
Make In India	53 (28.20)	72 (38.30)	21 (11.20)	10 (5.30)	32 (17.00)	188 (100.00)	3.55	71.0 0
Stand-up India	58 (30.90)	68 (36.20)	18 (9.60)	11 (5.90)	33 (17.60)	188 (100.00)	3.57	71.4 0
Startup Indi Seed Fund	55 (29.30)	76 (40.40)	21 (11.20)	14 (7.40)	22 (11.70)	188 (100.00)	3.68	73.6 0
Startup Indi Initiative	54 (28.70)	76 (40.40)	17 (9.00)	16 (8.50)	25 (13.30)	188 (100.00)	3.63	72.6 0
ASPIRE	64 (34.00)	65 (34.60)	17 (9.00)	16 (8.50)	26 (13.80)	188 (100.00)	3.66	73.2 0
MUDRA Bank	31 (16.50)	60 (31.90)	32 (17.00)	26 (13.80)	39 (20.70)	188 (100.00)	3.10	62.0 0
Digital India	24 (12.80)	60 (31.90)	20 (10.60)	35 (18.60)	49 (26.10)	188 (100.00)	2.87	57.4 0
Support To Training and Employment Programme For Women (STEP)	28 (14.90)	64 (34.00)	16 (8.50)	34 (18.10)	46 (24.50)	188 (100.00)	2.97	59.4 0
Biotechnology Industry Research Assistance Council (BIRAC)	17 (9.00)	48 (25.50)	28 (14.90)	42 (22.30)	53 (28.20)	188 (100.00)	2.65	53.0 0

Trade Related Entrepreneurship Assistance And Development (TREAD)	17 (9.00)	53 (28.20)	24 (12.80)	41 (21.80)	53 (28.20)	188 (100.00)	2.68	53.6 0
Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY)	27 (14.40)	54 (28.70)	14 (7.40)	38 (20.20)	55 (29.30)	188 (100.00)	2.79	55.8 0
National Skill Development Mission	9 (4.80)	39 (20.70)	29 (15.40)	45 (23.90)	66 (35.10)	188 (100.00)	2.36	47.2 0
Science For Equity Empowerment And Development (SEED)	16 (8.50)	52 (27.70)	21 (11.20)	45 (23.90)	54 (28.70)	188 (100.00)	2.63	52.6 0
Micro Units Development Refinance Agency (MUDRA)	24 (12.80)	60 (31.90)	19 (10.10)	38 (20.20)	47 (25.00)	188 (100.00)	2.87	57.4 0
SETU (Self Employment and Talent Utilization)-	23 (12.20)	60 (31.90)	21 (11.20)	38 (20.20)	46 (24.50)	188 (100.00)	2.87	57.4 0
eBiz Portal	33 (17.60)	54 (28.70)	16 (8.50)	33 (17.60)	52 (27.70)	188 (100.00)	2.91	58.2 0
Ministry of skill Development and Entrepreneurship	15 (8.00)	43 (22.90)	33 (17.60)	42 (22.30)	55 (29.30)	188 (100.00)	2.58	51.6 0
ATAL Innovation Mission	17 (9.00)	59 (31.40)	17 (9.00)	40 (21.3)	55 (29.30)	188 (100.00)	2.70	54.0 0
Credit Guarantee Fund Trust for Micro and Small Entreprises (CGTMSE)	17 (9.00)	58 (30.90)	25 (13.30)	39 (20.70)	49 (26.10)	188 (100.00)	2.76	55.2 0
Stand Up India Scheme	22 (11.70)	52 (27.70)	18 (9.60)	45 (23.90)	51 (27.10)	188 (100.00)	2.73	54.6 0
Dairy Entrepreneurship Development Scheme	13 (6.90)	46 (24.50)	32 (17.00)	37 (19.70)	60 (31.90)	188 (100.00)	2.55	51.0 0
Dairy Processing and Infrastructure Development Fund (DIDF)	17 (9.00)	60 (31.90)	18 (9.60)	40 (21.30)	53 (28.20)	188 (100.00)	2.72	54.4 0
Single Point Registration Scheme	24 (12.80)	70 (37.20)	18 (9.60)	32 (17.00)	44 (23.40)	188 (100.00)	2.99	59.8 0

Modified Special Incentive Package Scheme (M-SIPS)	38 (20.20)	56 (29.80)	14 (7.40)	34 (18.10)	46 (24.50)	188 (100.00)	3.03	60.6 0
IREDA-NCEF Refinance Scheme	19 (10.10)	40 (21.30)	40 (21.30)	37 (19.70)	52 (27.70)	188 (100.00)	2.66	53.2 0
Raw Material Assistance	19 (10.10)	52 (27.70)	19 (10.10)	40 (21.30)	58 (30.90)	188 (100.00)	2.65	53.0 0
Infrastructure Development Scheme	18 (9.60)	69 (36.70)	16 (8.50)	34 (18.10)	51 (27.10)	188 (100.00)	2.84	56.8 0
MSME Market Development Assistance	28 (14.90)	52 (27.70)	15 (8.00)	47 (25.00)	46 (24.50)	188 (100.00)	2.84	56.8 0
Credit Linked Capital Subsidy for Technology Upgradation	17 (9.00)	63 (33.50)	21 (11.20)	34 (18.10)	53 (28.20)	188 (100.00)	2.77	55.4 0
Atal Incubation Centres (AIC)	32 (17.00)	60 (31.90)	20 (10.60)	33 (17.60)	43 (22.90)	188 (100.00)	3.03	60.6 0
Bridge Loan against MNRE Capital Subsidy(central government housing scheme) Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY)	24 (12.80)	57 (30.30)	22 (11.70)	35 (18.60)	50 (26.60)	188 (100.00)	2.84	56.8 0
National Portal for Transgender Persons (Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights)	21 (11.20)	69 (36.70)	19 (10.10)	33 (17.60)	46 (24.50)	188 (100.00)	2.93	58.6 0
Subsistence allowance for Transgender person	24 (12.80)	69 (36.70)	19 (10.10)	30 (16.00)	46 (24.50)	188 (100.00)	2.97	59.4 0
Scheme of 'Shelter Home for Transgender Persons'	29 (15.40)	69 (36.70)	15 (8.00)	30 (16.00)	45 (23.90)	188 (100.00)	3.04	60.8 0
Transgender Protection Cell	30 (16.00)	54 (28.70)	13 (6.90)	37 (19.70)	54 (28.70)	188 (100.00)	2.84	56.8 0
Equal Opportunity Policy	22 (11.70)	49 (26.10)	27 (14.40)	41 (21.80)	49 (26.10)	188 (100.00)	2.76	55.2 0

National Council for Transgender Persons and Counselling Services Helpline - 8882133897	22 (11.70)	52 (27.70)	27 (14.40)	38 (20.20)	49 (26.10)	188 (100.00)	2.79	55.8 0
Software Technology Park (STP) Scheme	17 (9.00)	54 (28.70)	21 (11.20)	42 (22.30)	54 (28.70)	188 (100.00)	2.67	53.4 0

**Source:** Computed from primary data

An observation of the table 1 shows that more than 70 percent of the respondents are found to be aware on the following aspects like National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM) (75.60%), Make In India (71%), Stand-up India (71.40%), Startup Indi Seed Fund (73.60%), Startup Indi Initiative (72.60%), ASPIRE (73.20%). It is interested to know that majority of the respondents have awareness 60 to 70 per cent on the following aspects National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM) (61.20%), Venture capital Assistance Scheme (VCA) (62.20%) Prime Ministers Employment and Generation Programme (PNEGP) (69.60%), MUDRA Bank (62%) Modified Special Incentive Package Scheme (M-SIPS) (60.60%) and Scheme of 'Shelter Home for Transgender Persons' (60.80%).

Low-level of awareness (below 60 percent) was seen in the following aspects Suryodaya Awas Yojana (SAY) (54.80%), Multiplier Grants Scheme (MGS)(47.20%), Swachchh Angan Yojana (SWAY) (52.40%), Member of Parliament Local Area Development Scheme (MPLAD) (56.20%), Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana - (IAY) (53.60%), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA) (49.60%), Trade Related Entrepreneurship Assistance and Development Scheme (TREAD ) (53.40%), Micro and Small Enterprises Cluster Development Programme (MSE- CDP) (55.40%), Lon for Rooftop solar Pv Power Projects (47.00%), NewGen Innovation nd Entrepreneurship Development Centre ( NewGenIEDC) (59.60%), SMRIDH Scheme (48.60%), Digital India (57.40%), Support To Training and Employment Programme For Women (STEP) (59.40%), Biotechnology Industry Research Assistance Council (BIRAC) (53.00%), Trade Related Entrepreneurship Assistance And

Development (TREAD) (53.60%), Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) (55.80%), National Skill Development Mission (47.20%), Science For Equity Empowerment And Development (SEED) (52.60%), Micro Units Development Refinance Agency (MUDRA) (57.40%), SETU (Self Employment and Talent Utilization)- (57.40%), eBiz Portal (58.20%), Ministry of skill Development and Entrepreneurship (51.60%), ATAL Innovation Mission (54.00%), Credit Guarantee Fund Trust for Micro and Small Enterprises (CGTMSE) (55.20%), Stand Up India Scheme (54.60%), Dairy Entrepreneurship Development Scheme (51%), Dairy Processing and Infrastructure Development Fund (DIDF)(54.40%), Single Point Registration Scheme (59.80%), IREDA-NCEF Refinance Scheme (53.20%), Raw Material Assistance (53.00%), Infrastructure Development Scheme (56.80%), MSME Market Development Assistance (56.80%), Credit Linked Capital Subsidy for Technology Upgradation (55.40%), Bridge Loan against MNRE Capital Subsidy(central government housing scheme) Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY) (56.80%), National Portal for Transgender Persons (Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) (58.60%), Subsistence allowance for Transgender person (59.40%), Transgender Protection Cell (56.80%), Equal Opportunity Policy (55.20%), National Council for Transgender Persons and Counselling Services Helpline – 8882133897 (55.80%) and Software Technology Park (STP) Scheme (53.40%).

### **Classification of Respondents on the Basis of Level of Awareness**

The respondents are classified into three categories according to their level of awareness as respondents with high level awareness, medium level awareness and low-level awareness towards e-retailers services. The mean and standard deviation (SD) of the total awareness score of 188 respondents are computed. The scores above (Mean+ SD) are considered to be of high level of awareness, scores below (Mean - SD) are treated as low level of awareness and the total scores between (Mean + SD) and (Means- SD) are treated as medium level of awareness. Out of 188 respondents, 43.10 per cent

customers have low awareness. The respondents with medium level of awareness are 19.10 per cent and 37.80 per cent of respondents had high level of awareness towards different schemes and programs for common transgender and also for transgender entrepreneurs.

### Age and Level of Awareness of the Respondents

The respondents' level of awareness may differ based on their age groups. For this reason, the investigator has formulated the following statistical null hypothesis.

Ho: "There is no significant association between age of the respondents and their level of awareness towards different schemes and programs for common transgender and also for transgender entrepreneurs."

In order to find the relationship 'Chi-square' test was applied and the result is shown in Table 2.

**TABLE 2**

### RESPONDENTS' AGE AND LEVEL OF AWARENESS

Sl. No	Age	Level of Awareness			Total	Chi-Square	P Value Sig
		Low	Medium	High			
1.	18- 25	11 (68.80)	4 (25.00)	1 (6.30)	16 (100.00)	30.260	.000*
2.	26-30	24 (33.80)	12 (16.90)	35 (49.30)	71 (100.00)		
3.	31-35	26 (44.80)	10 (17.20)	22 (37.90)	58 (100.00)		
4.	36-40	18 (72.00)	2 (8.00)	5 (20.00)	25 (100.00)		
5.	Above 40	2 (11.10)	8 (44.40)	8 (44.40)	18 (100.00)		
	Total	81 (43.10)	36 (19.10)	71 (37.80)	188 (100.00)		

Source: Computed from primary data

It is well-known from the above table 2 that the result of chi-square analyses is 30.260 with the 'p' value .000, but the result is significant at 5% level. Hence, the hypothesis is rejected. It is establish from the analysis that there is a significant association between the age

and level of awareness of respondents towards different schemes and programs of government.

### **Educational Qualifications and Level of Awareness of the Respondents**

Educational qualifications has been recognized as one of the very important variables and an attempt has been made by the researcher to find out the association between educational qualifications and the levels of awareness about different schemes and programs for common transgender and also for transgender entrepreneurs.

Ho: "There is no significant association between educational qualifications of the respondents and their level of awareness towards different schemes and programs for common transgender and also for transgender entrepreneurs."

In order to find the relationship 'Chi-square' test was applied and the result is shown in Table 3.

**TABLE 3 RESPONDENTS' EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND LEVEL OF AWARENESS**

Sl. No	Educational Background	Level of Awareness			Total	Chi-Square	P Value Sig
		Low	Medium	High			
1.	Illiterate	9 (100.00)	0 (0.00)	0 (0.00)	9 (100.00)	58.147	.000
2.	Primary	13 (33.30)	11 (28.20)	15 (38.50)	39 (100.00)		
3.	Middle school	3 (10.30)	2 (6.90)	24 (82.80)	29 (100.00)		
4.	High School	10 (41.70)	9 (37.50)	5 (20.80)	24 (100.00)		
5.	Higher Secondary	13 (56.50)	2 (8.70)	8 (34.80)	23 (100.00)		
6.	Graduate	19 (67.90)	4 (14.30)	5 (17.90)	28 (100.00)		
7.	Post Graduate	10 (50.00)	3 (15.00)	7 (35.00)	20 (100.00)		
8.	Diploma and Others	4 (25.00)	5 (31.30)	7 (43.80)	16 (100.00)		
	Total	81 (43.10)	36 (19.10)	71 (37.80)	188 (100.00)		

Source: Computed from primary data

It is well-known from the above table 3 that the outcome of chi-square analyses is 58.147 with the 'p' value .000, but the result is significant at 5% level. Hence, the hypothesis is rejected. It is establish from the analysis that there is a significant association between the educational qualifications and level of awareness of respondents towards different schemes and programs of government.

### Religion and Level of Awareness of the Respondents

The respondents' level of awareness may differ based on their religion. For this reason, the investigator has formulated the following statistical null hypothesis.

Ho: "There is no significant association between religion of the respondents and their level of awareness towards different schemes and programs for common transgender and also for transgender entrepreneurs."

In order to find the relationship 'Chi-square' test was applied and the result is shown in Table 4.

**TABLE 4 RESPONDENTS' RELIGION AND LEVEL OF AWARENESS**

Sl. No	Religion	Level of Awareness			Total	Chi-Square	P Value Sig
		Low	Medium	High			
1.	Hindu	51 (45.50)	23 (20.50)	38 (33.90)	112 (100.00)	19.263	0.001*
2.	Muslim	30 (46.20)	13 (20.00)	22 (33.80)	65 (100.00)		
3.	Christian	0 (0.00)	0 (0.00)	11 (100.00)	11 (100.00)		
	Total	81 (43.10)	36 (19.10)	71 (37.80)	188 (100.00)		

Source: Computed from primary data

It is well-known from the above table 4 that the outcome of chi-square analyses is 19.263 with the 'p' value .001, but the result is significant at 5% level. Hence, the hypothesis is rejected. It is establish from the analysis that there is a significant association between the religion and level of awareness of respondents towards different schemes and programs of government.

### Community and Level of Awareness of the Respondents

The respondents' level of awareness may differ based on their community. For this reason, the investigator has formulated the following statistical null hypothesis.

Ho2: "There is no significant association between community of the respondents and their level of awareness towards different schemes and programs for common transgender and also for transgender entrepreneurs."

In order to find the relationship 'Chi-square' test was applied and the result is shown in Table 5.

**TABLE 5 RESPONDENTS' COMMUNITY AND LEVEL OF AWARENESS**

Sl. No	Community	Level of Awareness			Total	Chi-Square	P Value Sig
		Low	Medium	High			
1.	SC/ST	32 (56.10)	1 (1.80)	24 (42.10)	57 (100.00)	41.223	.000*
2.	MBC	35 (44.30)	16 (20.30)	28 (35.40)	79 (100.00)		
3.	OBC	10 (31.30)	6 (18.80)	16 (50.00)	32 (100.00)		
4.	FC and others	4 (20.00)	13 (65.00)	3 (15.00)	20 (100.00)		
	Total	81 (43.10)	36 (19.10)	71 (37.80)	188 (100.00)		

Source: Computed from primary data

It is well-known from the above table 5 that the outcome of chi-square analyses is 41.223 with the 'p' value .000, but the result is significant at 5% level. Hence, the hypothesis is rejected. It is establish from the analysis that there is a significant association between the community and level of awareness of respondents towards different schemes and programs of government.

### Living Status and Level of Awareness of the Respondents

Living status has been recognized as one of the very important variables and an attempt has been made by the researcher to find out the association between living

status and the levels of awareness about different schemes and programs for common transgender and also for transgender entrepreneurs.

“There is no significant association between living status of the respondents and their level of awareness towards different schemes and programs for common transgender and also for transgender entrepreneurs.”

In order to find the relationship ‘Chi-square’ test was applied and the result is shown in Table 6.

**TABLE 6 RESPONDENTS’ LIVING STATUS AND LEVEL OF AWARENESS**

Sl. No	Living Status	Level of Awareness			Total	Chi-Square	P Value Sig
		Low	Medium	High			
1.	Living alone	24 (44.40)	13 (24.10)	17 (31.50)	54 (100.00)	41.717	.000*
2.	Living with other Transgender	0 (0.00)	0 (0.00)	16 (100.00)	16 (100.00)		
3.	Living with family	33 (55.90)	4 (6.80)	22 (37.30)	59 (100.00)		
4.	Living with partner	24 (40.70)	19 (32.20)	16 (27.10)	59 (100.00)		
	Total	81 (43.10)	36 (19.10)	71 (37.80)	188 (100.00)		

Source: Computed from primary data

It is well-known from the above table 6 that the outcome of chi-square analyses is 41.717 with the ‘p’ value .000, but the result is significant at 5% level. Hence, the hypothesis is rejected. It is establish from the analysis that there is a significant association between the living status and level of awareness of respondents towards different schemes and programs of government.

#### **Business Area and Level of Awareness of the Respondents**

The respondents’ level of awareness may differ based on their business area. For this reason, the investigator has formulated the following statistical null hypothesis.

Ho: “There is no significant association between business area of the respondents and their level of awareness towards different schemes and programs

for common transgender and also for transgender entrepreneurs.”

In order to find the relationship ‘Chi-square’ test was applied and the result is shown in Table 7.

**TABLE 7 RESPONDENTS’ BUSINESS AREA AND LEVEL OF AWARENESS**

Sl. No	Business Area	Level of Awareness			Total	Chi-Square	P Value Sig
		Low	Medium	High			
1.	Rural	24 (35.30)	23 (33.80)	21 (30.90)	68 (100.00)	24.310	.000*
2.	Semi urban	33 (38.80)	13 (15.30)	39 (45.90)	85 (100.00)		
3.	Urban	24 (68.60)	0 (0.00)	11 (31.40)	35 (100.00)		
	Total	81 (43.10)	36 (19.10)	71 (37.80)	188 (100.00)		

Source: Computed from primary data

It is well-known from the above table 7 that the outcome of chi-square analyses is 24.310 with the ‘p’ value .000, but the result is significant at 5% level. Hence, the hypothesis is rejected. It is establish from the analysis that there is a significant association between the business area and level of awareness of respondents towards different schemes and programs of government.

### CONCLUSION

A good number distinct burst of transgender motivations are taking place in all spheres of living. Well prepared Government funded programs have to be initiated so that the transgender entrepreneurs can improve their skill set boundary and this can completely do left from sex force, prostitutions and drug addictions. An ironic transform be able to take place in afterward if the beginning are sown with positive confidence as the transgender entrepreneurs have fundamental indigenous knowledge, skill, potential and resources to set up and manage of being an entrepreneur.

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